

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

- Which of the following have the maximum bond strength:
 (a) O_2 (b) O_2^+ (c) O_2^- (d) O_2^{2-}
- When N_2 goes to N_2^+ , the N-N bond distance
 (a) Decreases (b) Increases (c) remains the same (d) None
- The smallest portion of a crystal which has the structure characteristics of space lattice is called
 (a) Space lattice (b) Unit cell (c) both (d) none of these
- The number of atoms per unit cell in a simple cube, fcc and bcc arrangement are, respectively:
 (a) 3, 14, 9 (b) 1, 4, 2 (c) 1, 2, 4 (d) 4, 1, 2
- Graphite is a
 (a) three dimensional solid (b) one dimensional solid (c) two dimensional solid (d) none
- The dimension of rate constant of a second order reaction involves
 (a) neither time nor conc (b) only time (c) Time and conc (d) Time and square of conc
- Lattice energy of a solid increases if:
 (a) Ions are large (b) Ions are small (c) no effect of size (d) none
- For an endothermic reaction, where ΔH represents the enthalpy of the reaction in $KJ/mole$, the minimum value for the energy of activation will be
 (a) less than ΔH (b) zero (c) more than ΔH (d) equal to ΔH
- Which of the following hydrocarbons may be expected to have the highest value for λ_{max}
 (a) Benzene (b) Naphthalene (c) Nitrobenzene (d) Aniline
- UV spectra for $(CH_3)_2C=CH-CH(CH_3)_2$ will exhibit
 (a) one sharp peak (b) one broad peak (c) two peaks (d) four peaks
- The polymer used for making contact-lens for eyes is
 (a) Nylon-6 (b) Polyethyl acrylate (c) Polyethylene (d) Polymethyl methacrylate
- Which of the following is used as an initiator in chain growth Polymerisation
 (a) CONC H_2SO_4 (b) Alkali (c) Benzoyl peroxide (d) Hydrogen
- Which of the following species has a trigonal planar shape
 (a) CH_3^+ (b) $:CH_3^-$ (c) BF_4^- (d) SiF_4
- meso-Tartaric acid is optically inactive due to the presence of
 (a) two chiral carbon atoms (b) Molecular unsymmetry (c) external compensation (d) Molecular Symmetry

15. Which of the following is a bio-degradable polymer:
- (a) nylon-6 (b) nylon 6,6 (c) polyethylene (d) nylon 2-nylon 6
16. Neoprene is a polymer of:
- (a) Isoprene (b) Butadiene (c) Chloroprene (d) Acrylonitrile
17. Which of the following is not the constituent of biogas:
- (a) CH_4 (b) N_2 (c) CO_2 (d) Cl_2
18. Potable water treatment does not involve:
- (a) Demineralisation (b) Disinfection (c) Coagulation (d) sedimentation
19. Calgon is
- (a) Name of a scientist (b) Na_3PO_4 (c) NaH_2PO_4 (d) $(\text{NaPO}_3)_6$
20. Alkalinity in water cannot be due to the presence of
- (a) OH^- and HCO_3^- (b) OH^- only (c) OH^- and CO_3^{2-} (d) CO_3^{2-} and HCO_3^-
21. Hardness of water is expressed in terms of equivalent of
- (a) NaCl (b) NaOH (c) Ca(OH)_2 (d) CaCO_3
22. The solution whose strength or concentration is to be determined is known as
- (a) Titrand (b) Titrant (c) Titration (d) Normal solution
23. In electrochemical corrosion:
- (a) Anode undergoes oxidation (b) Cathode undergoes oxidation (c) both (d) None of these
24. The standard reduction potential for Fe^{2+}/Fe and Sn^{2+}/Sn electrodes are -0.44 and -0.14 volt respectively. For the cell reaction $\text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{Sn} \rightarrow \text{Fe} + \text{Sn}^{2+}$, the E°_{cell} is:
- (a) $+0.30\text{V}$ (b) -0.58V (c) $+0.58\text{V}$ (d) -0.30V
25. An auxochrome group is called
- (a) Colour decreasing group (b) Colour enhancing group (c) colour changing group (d) none of these
26. How many NMR signals do you expect in CH_3OCH_3
- (a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 6 (d) 9
27. In one component system, the maximum degree of freedom will be
- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3
28. A vessel contains H_2 and O_2 gases. The number of Phases, degree of freedom and components will be, respectively:
- (a) 1, 1, 2 (b) 1, 3, 2 (c) 1, 2, 3 (d) 2, 1, 1
29. A good fuel should possess
- (a) High calorific value (b) High ignition temperature (c) Moderate ignition temperature (d) Both (a) and (c)
30. Which of the following compounds cannot have intermolecular hydrogen bonding
- (a) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COOH}$ (b) CH_3OH (c) $\text{CH}_3\text{COOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$ (d) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$